

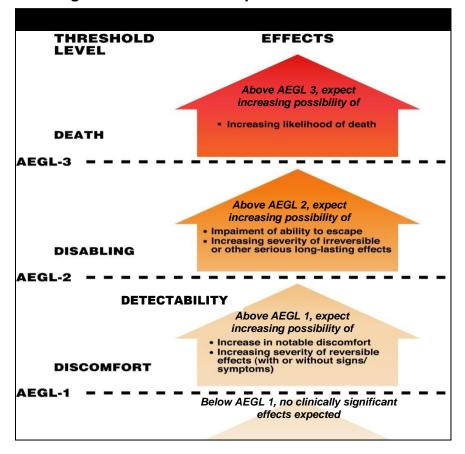
## Basic Questions Regarding Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs) in Emergency Planning and Response

**FACT SHEET 64-014-0711** 

## What are AEGLs?

Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs) are concentrations of a chemical in air that indicate the levels above which different health effects could begin to occur in the general population. A National Advisory Committee, managed by the U.S. **Environmental Protectoin** Agency (USEPA), is developing AEGLs for hundreds of toxic industrial chemicals (e.g., chlorine and the chemical involved in the Bhopal incident), as well as chemical warfare agents. AEGLs include three concentration levels for specified time durations: these show the range of toxic effects caused by each chemical. Generic descriptions of the

Figure 1. Generic Description of AEGL Levels

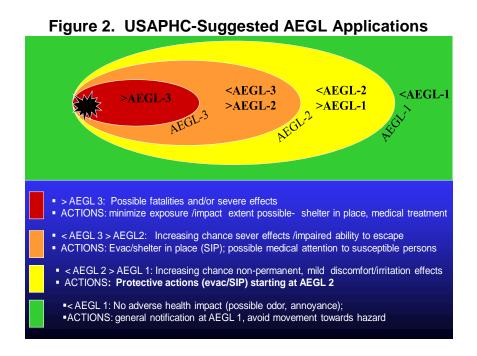


different levels are shown in Figure 1.

## Who uses AEGLs and how?

AEGLs are used by Federal and state agencies to aid in the development of emergency preparedness plans and to prioritize emergency response actions in the event of a chemical release from an accident or an intentional terrorist attack. Used together with computerized air modeling, the different AEGL levels allow emergency personnel to determine areas of higher risk. This assists in making the most appropriate actions to minimize the overall impacts to the public. Various options include public notification and instruction, sheltering-in-place,

evacuation procedures, procedures to enable or facilitate medical attention, or some combination of these approaches (Figure 2).



## How can I get more information?

Depending on your question, there are many additional sources of information, some more technical than others. Examples are listed below:

1. USAPHC Fact Sheets—

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) Regarding AEGLs and Their Applications, 2011 Detailed Facts Regarding Health Effects Associated with AEGLs for Nerve agents, Sulfur mustard, 2011.

- 2. National Research Council (2001). Standing Operating Procedures for Developing Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Hazardous Chemicals. National Academy Press, Wash, D.C. <a href="http://www.nap.edu/index.html">http://www.nap.edu/index.html</a>
- 3. For additional information, contact the Environmental Medicine Program, 410-436-2714.